NUMBER OF PRICE SERIES INCLUDED IN THE NEW AND OLD INDEX NUMBERS OF WHOLESALE PRICES.

	New.	Old.
Vegetables and Their Products	124	67
Animals and Their Products	74	50
Fibres, Textiles and Textile Products	60	28
Wood, Wood Products and Paper	44	21
Iron and Its Products	39	26
Non-Ferrous Metals and Their Products	15	15
Non-Metallic Minerals and Their Products		16
Chemicals and Allied Products	73	13
	502	236

The Movement of Prices in 1929.—During 1929, the general level of prices continued to move lower, marking the fourth consecutive year that the annual index number of wholesale prices has declined. The 1929 index for 502 commodities on the base 1926 = 100 was  $95 \cdot 6$  as compared with  $96 \cdot 4$  in 1928. Taking average prices in 1913 as the basis of calculation, the index fell from  $149 \cdot 7$  in 1928 to  $149 \cdot 3$ .

The January index of  $93 \cdot 9$  (1926 = 100) was the lowest since October of 1916, when the same number occurred. After a short seasonal advance, however, a new low point of  $93 \cdot 4$  was reached in May and June. Then followed a second short movement upward, due in part to the influence which poor crop prospects exerted upon grain prices. In the final months of the year, the trend was again downward with the December index at 96.

Four of the main groups averaged higher for the year, one remained unchanged, and three declined, when compared with 1928. Animals and Their Products advanced from  $108 \cdot 1$  to  $108 \cdot 9$  principally because of higher meat prices. Nonferrous Metals and Their Products rose sharply from  $92 \cdot 0$ , to  $99 \cdot 2$ , due chiefly to marked increases in copper prices. Iron and Its Products was slightly stronger, advancing from  $93 \cdot 2$  to  $93 \cdot 7$ , and Non-Metallic Minerals and Their Products likewise rose fractionally from  $92 \cdot 5$  to  $92 \cdot 9$ . Chemicals and Allied Products remained stationary at  $95 \cdot 3$ . Vegetables and Vegetable Products declined from  $93 \cdot 0$ to  $91 \cdot 6$ . Textiles and Textile Products fell from  $94 \cdot 5$  to  $91 \cdot 3$ , a new post-war low, and Wood, Wood Products and Paper also moved down from  $98 \cdot 7$  to  $93 \cdot 9$ .

The general price index numbers on the new base are given by months from 1921 to 1929 in Table 2, while price index numbers on the new base are given by groups on the chief component material classification for the years from 1914 to 1929, and for the months of 1927 to 1929 in Table 3. Index numbers on the purpose and origin classifications are presented in Tables 4, 5 and 6 respectively.

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(1926=100.)								

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Waterland Classical Dates V.

Months	1921.	1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.	1929.
January	128.4	97·1	97-0	100-4	106.0	103.0	97.8	96-9	94-1
February	122.3	98-3	97.1	100-4	$105 \cdot 4$	102.1	97.6	96-8	95 -
March	119.1	98-3	<b>98</b> ∙3	98-8	103.5	101.3	97.3	97.7	95 -
April	114.9	98-4	102-4	96-7	$100 \cdot 2$	101-2	97.3	98-3	94 - (
May	109.2	98+5	100 4	96-4	101.7	100.2	98.3	97.9	93 - 4
June	$105 \cdot 3$	97-8	<b>99</b> •6	97.5	101-5	100-1	98.7	96.9	93 - 5
July	104.8	98.7	98.3	98.5	101-2	100.1	98.5	96.0	97 - 3
August	106-0	97.1	98.3	100-4	101.7	99-1	98.3	95.3	98.3
September	103.5	94 • 4	99.0	98-5	100.0	98-5	97.1	95·4	97 - 7
October	99·6	94-8	98·0	100.5	99-9	98-1	97-2	95-2	96-8
November	<u>98</u> ∙3	97.2	98+1	101.0	103-2	97.7	96-9	94.9	95 - 7
December	96-4	98.0	98-3	103.0	104 · 7	97-9	97 • 2	94.6	<b>96</b> • 1
Yearly Average	110.0	97-3	98.0	<b>99</b> .4	102.6	100.0	97.7	96-4	95 . (